## 「教育としての統治」時代の日本語教師教育 一統治への対応か陶冶への応答か一

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2020年代に入り、日本語教育機関の認定制度や日本語教師資格の整備など多様な外国人受け入れに対応する教育施策が推進され、統治の視点は「就労・入国管理」から「教育」へと移行しつつある。そうした中で、筆者らはクマラヴァディヴェル(2022)を翻訳したことをふまえ、さらにWalsh、S. と Mann、S.が2019年に出版した The Routledge Handbook of English Language Teacher Educationを手がかりに、「プログラムと評価」「教師の知識形成」「批判性」「対話・協働性」「教授法」の観点から教師を知の生産者として捉える視点を整理した。それらを「ポスト」「動的な専門性形成」「応答責任性」の観点でまとめながら、それらが近年の統治への対応の中で教師の陶冶への応答としてどのように機能するかを検討した。

【キーワード】 教育としての統治, 教師教育, ポスト, 動的な専門性, 応答責任

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## Response or Responsibility? Japanese Language Teacher Education: Rethinking Frameworks in the Era of "Governance as Education"

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In the 2020s, Japan has promoted educational policies to accommodate a diverse foreign population, including accreditation systems for Japanese language institutions and reforms to teacher qualifications. This shift marks a transition in Japanese language education governance from "employment and immigration control" to "education." Drawing on their translation of Kumaravadivelu (2012), and inspired by Walsh and Mann's (2019) The Routledge Handbook of English Language Teacher Education, the authors examine the view of teachers as knowledge producers from the following five perspectives: "programs and evaluation," "knowledge formation," "criticality," "dialogue and collaboration," and "methods." Synthesizing these perspectives with the concepts of "posts," "dynamic professional development," and "responsibility," the authors explore the ways in which the perspectives can foster responsible teacher development within current governance structures.

[ Keywords ] governance as education, teacher education, posts, dynamic professional development, responsibility

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